

Options for Interfacing EPICS to COTS Hardware Through LabVIEW

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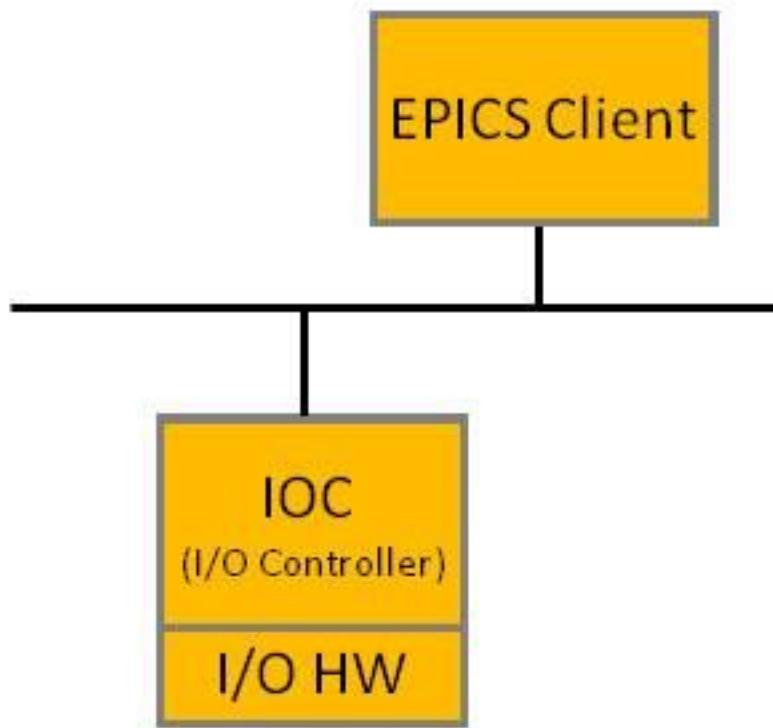


Agenda

- Why use EPICS and LabVIEW?
- Benefits of COTS hardware
- Options for integrating EPICS and LabVIEW
- Summary



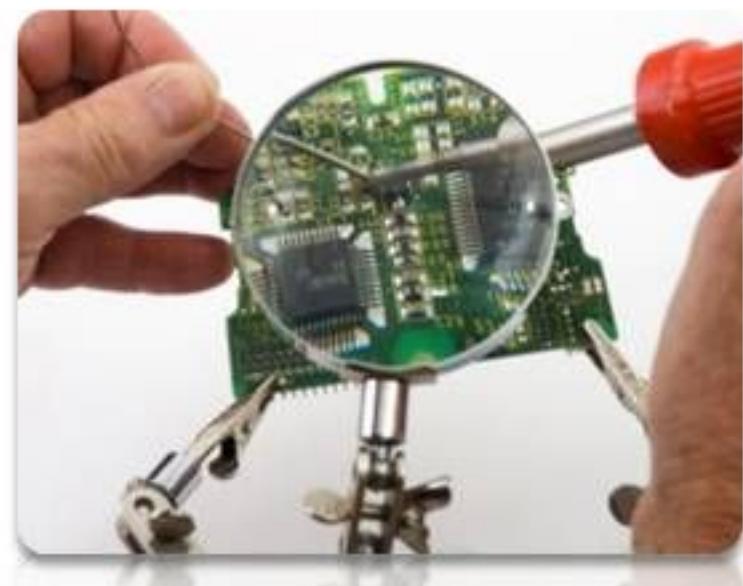
Why Use EPICS and LabVIEW ?



- LabVIEW as a Client
 - ✓ Presentation
 - ✓ Analysis
 - ✓ Control
- LabVIEW as a Server
 - ✓ Interface to hardware
 - ✓ Real-time control
 - ✓ Access to FPGA

Benefits of COTS Hardware

- Benefits
 - Shorter development time
 - Vast selection of hardware
 - Lower cost
 - Easier maintenance
- Challenges
 - EPICS support availability
 - Possible need for custom driver

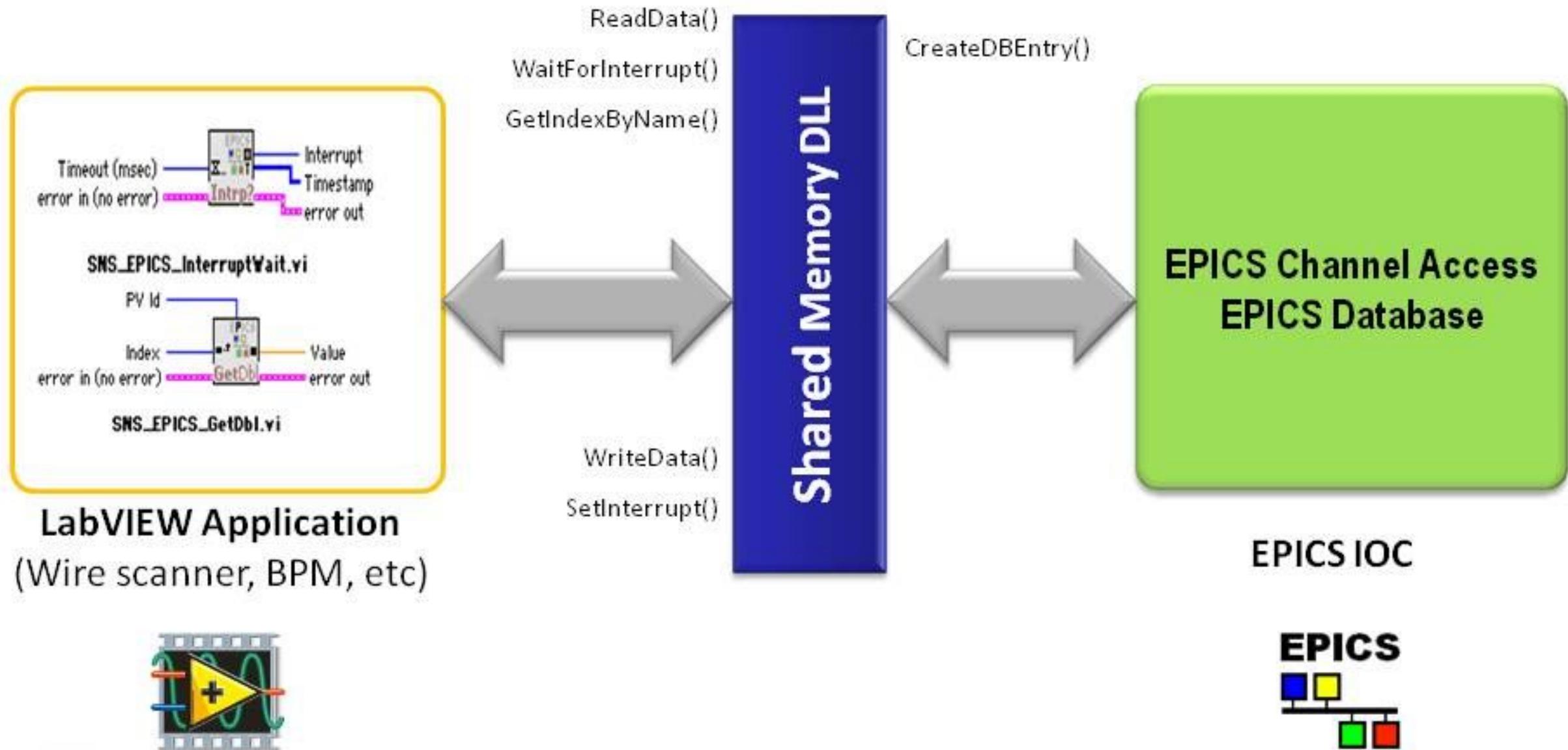


Integrating EPICS and LabVIEW

- Shared memory interface (SNS)
- Channel Access Server
 - Programmatic API (SNS)
 - Configuration-based server (NI)
- EPICS IOC on VxWorks (NI – Cosylab – LANL)



EPICS Shared Memory Interface



Shared Memory IOC

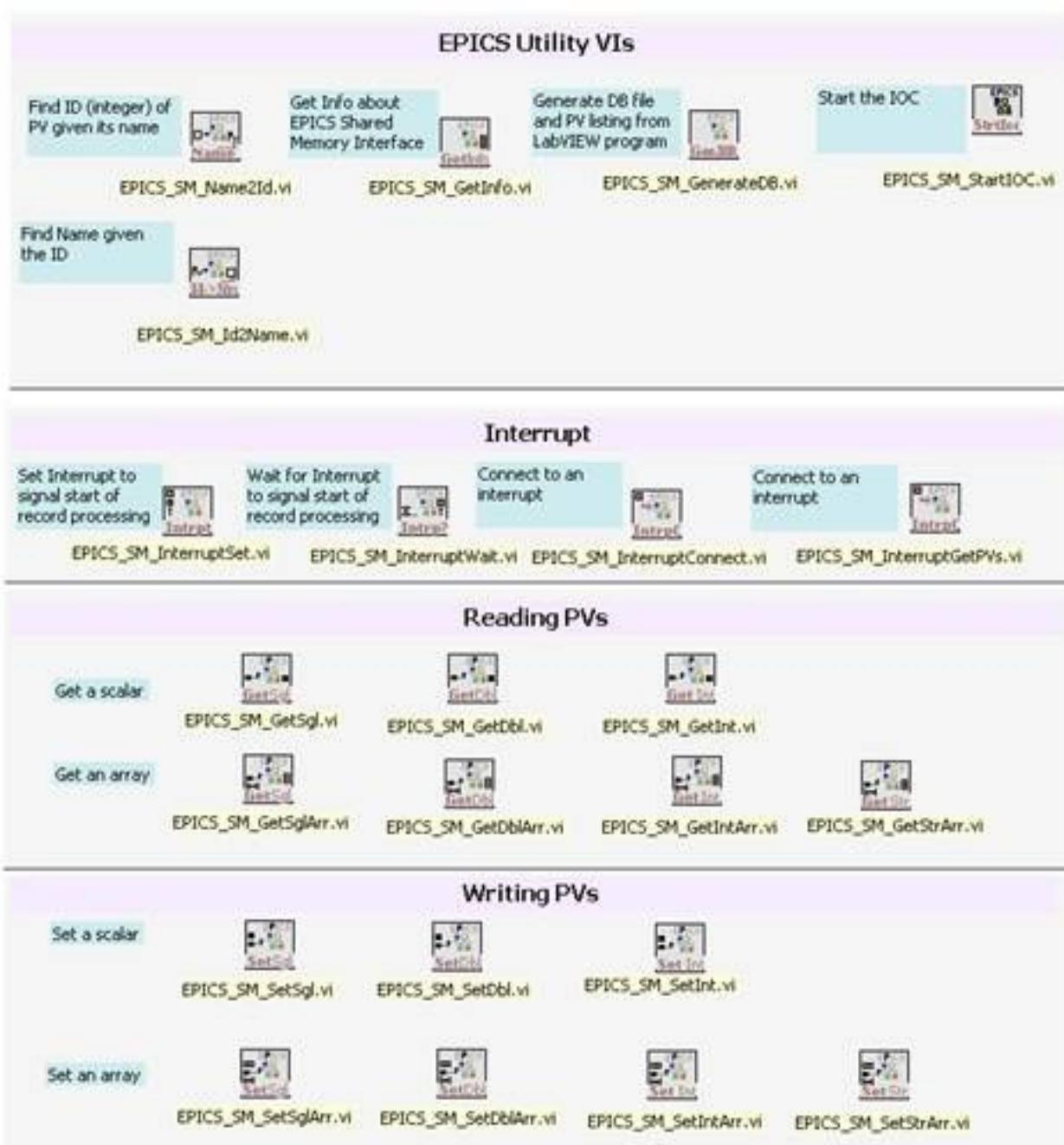
Integration with the control system

The Shared Memory IOC allows us:

- Support additional processes
- Use records as placeholder of data but no function
- Not worry about buffering data
- Respond to events
- Be compatible with other IOCs

Functions:

- Create, find and destroy variables
- Read from and write to variables
- Set and receive events
- Retrieve information about variables
- Create IOC database



Pros and Cons

Advantages

- You have full IOC and everything that comes with it (including record processing)
- All EPICS tools will work by default

Challenges

- Linux and RTOS support would require considerable efforts
- Need to support 2 infrastructures for EPICS IOC and for LabVIEW program deployment is complicated.



Example – SNS Facility

- Instrumentation
 - Measure beam parameters such as position, transverse profile, current, etc
- Off-line Data Analysis
 - Statistics, performance
- Testing Equipment
 - Calibration
 - Prototyping
 - Test electronics
- Simulation
 - Electron scanner
 - Ion profiles

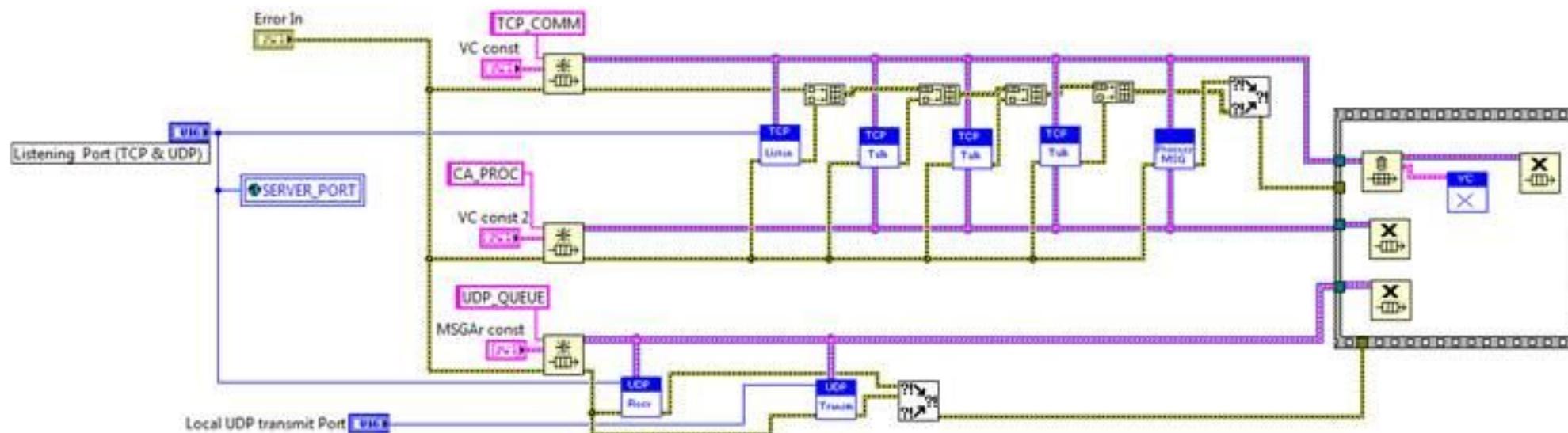


When To Use LabVIEW Channel Access Server ?

- When using EPICS IOC only for Channel Access communication
 - Record processing can be done in LabVIEW
- To be compatible with all platforms LabVIEW runs on
 - Windows, Linux, Mac, VxWorks, Pharlap
- To connect to EPICS clients

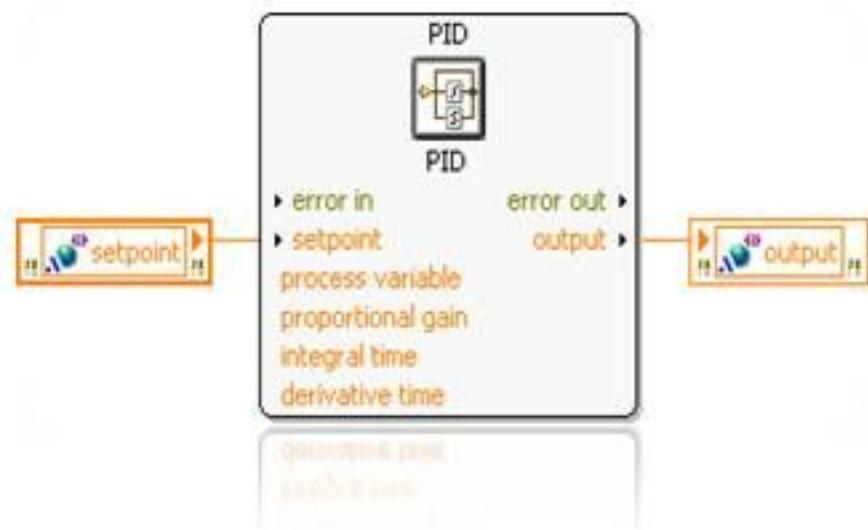
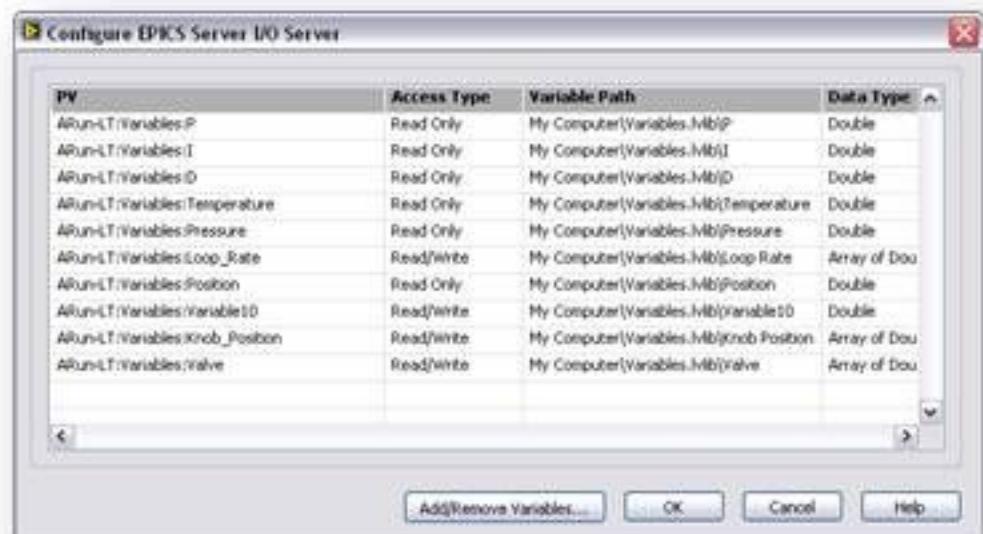


LabVIEW CA Server Structure



- Launch UDP listener (for search requests)
- Launch TCP listener (for new VC connections)
- Launch several “threads” for communication
- Launch one (or several) “threads” for message processing
- Three queues responsible for data transfer and data locking
- VC can be in either processing state or in communication state
- “Records” are guarded differently

Configuration-Based CA Server in LabVIEW 2009



- Expose required data points as PVs using CA server
- Program required functionality using LabVIEW function blocks
- Ability to run on Windows and RTOS (VxWorks and Phalap)

Example – BiRa's Power Supply

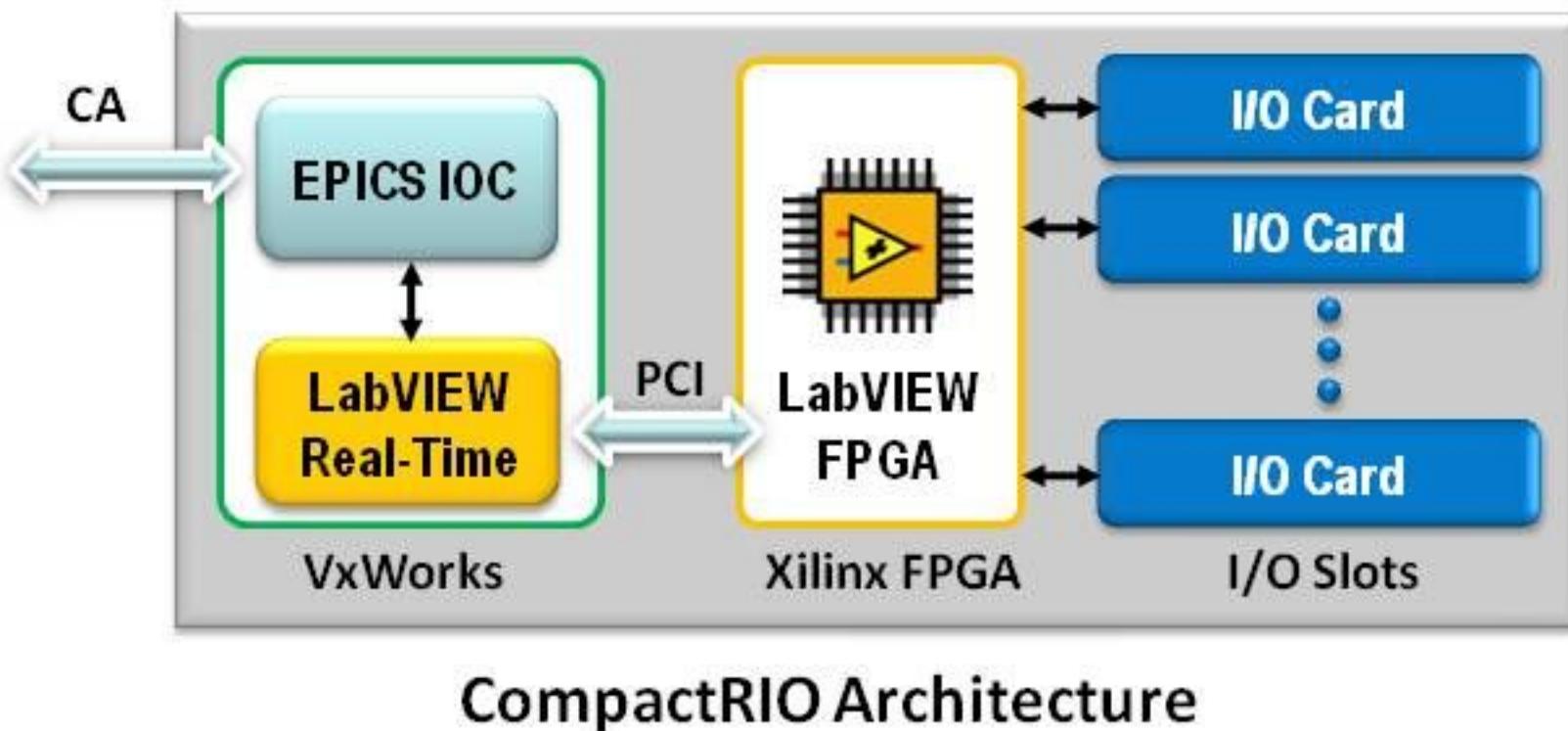
- 16 channels of high precision bipolar DC power
- Mainly used for corrector magnets in particle accelerators
- Running LabVIEW EPICS CA Server on an embedded real-time controller



BiRa



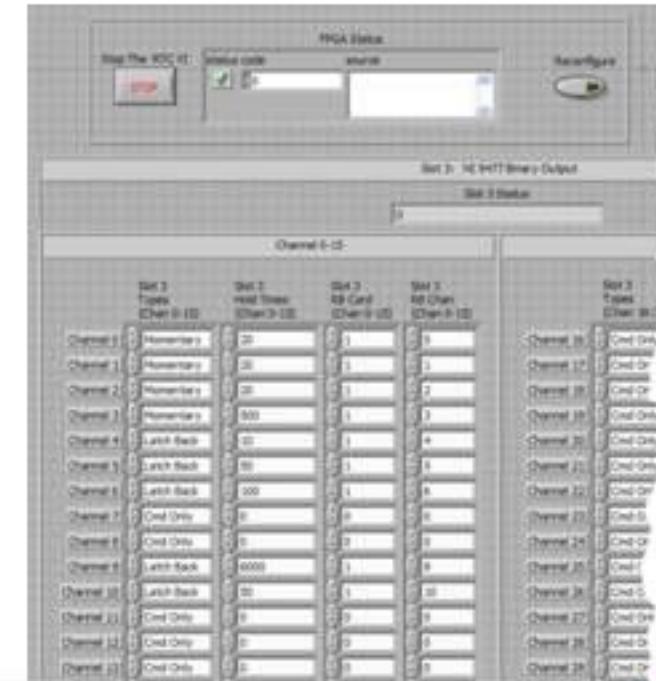
Embedding EPICS IOC on CompactRIO



- EPICS IOC and LabVIEW Real-Time running simultaneously
- Take advantage of FPGA platform with CompactRIO

Example – Los Alamos LANSCE-R

- Ongoing migration to a cRIO with embedded EPICS
 - 12 binary outputs
 - 36 binary inputs
 - 12 analog inputs
 - 5 stepper motor channels
- Full IOC functionality allows access to all record fields and EPICS utilities
- Maximum flexibility for partitioning the problem
 - LabVIEW for beam diagnostic
 - EPICS for industrial control



Summary

- Many options for integrating LabVIEW and EPICS
- LabVIEW enables COTS hardware to be EPICS nodes



Thank You For Your Attention